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IN THE	E SUPREME COURT OF T	HE STATE OF NEVADA
		FILED
		FEB 2 3 2017
		ELIZABETH A. BROWN CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
In the Matter of the)	BY
HONORABLE MELAN TOBIASSON, Justice of the Peace, Las)	Case No. 72440
Justice Court, County of	Clark, State of Nevada,)	
F	Respondent.	
CERTIFIED C	OPY OF FINDINGS OF F	ACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	AND IMPOSITION OF	
		28(2), I hereby certify that the docume
attached hereto is a true	and correct copy of the FI	NDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS
LAW AND IMPOSITIO	ON OF DISCIPLINE filed	with the Nevada Commission on Judic
Discipline on February 22	3, 2017.	
DATED this 23rd	day of February, 2017.	
		A REGION ON
	NEVADA CON JUDICIAL DIS	
	P. O. Box 48 Carson City, N	√ 89702
	(775) 687-4017	
	Dr.	2
	PAUL C. DEY	HIE
		and Executive Director
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	STATE OF NEVADA	FILED
		FEB 2 3 2017
In the Matter of THE HONORABLE MELANIE ANDR TOBIASSON, Justice of the Peace, Las Vegas Township Justice Court, County of Clark, State of Nevada, Respondent.		DI4-094-P

Pursuant to prior written notice, the above-entitled matter came on for a formal, one-day public hearing in Reno, Nevada, pursuant to NRS 1.467 and Commission Rule 18, commencing on February 10, 2017, before the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (hereinafter, the "Commission"), regarding the allegations against the Honorable Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (hereinafter "Respondent") for violations of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct (hereinafter, the "Code").

Kathleen M. Paustian, Esq. served as the Prosecuting Officer to the Commission (hereinafter, the "Prosecuting Officer") and was present. The Respondent appeared and was represented by William B. Terry, Esq. who were present. During the disciplinary proceeding, the Commission considered all evidence and testimony presented at the hearing.

This document contains the findings of fact and conclusions of law contemplated by Commission Procedural Rule 28. The findings set forth below establish that Respondent violated multiple sections of the Code.

A. FINDINGS OF FACT

The Commission finds that the legal evidence presented by the Prosecuting Officer at the hearing clearly and convincingly established each of the following facts set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 5 below:

1. Respondent was, at all times applicable to the allegations contained in the Formal Statement of Charges, a Justice of the Peace for the Las Vegas Township Justice Court located in Clark County, Nevada, and whose conduct was subject to the Code.

2. The factual allegations in Count One of the Formal Statement of Charges regarding Respondent's signing of an ex parte Order as part of a Canadian divorce for an attorney she knew and who appeared before her, Jennifer Suzanne Bolton, Esq. ("Jennifer"), have been proven by clear and convincing evidence.

The credible evidence established that Respondent was familiar with Jennifer through Jennifer's appearances before her as conflict counsel and interactions at various group social gatherings. Jennifer presented Respondent with a signed affidavit stating that Jennifer and her then spouse Vivian Bolton ("Vivian") were separated for more than one year and that Jennifer was unable to obtain a divorce in Nevada of her marriage in Canada. Jennifer represented to Respondent that Canadian law required an order from a court in the jurisdiction where one of the spouses resides to issue an order finding that (1) Jennifer was a resident of Clark County, Nevada, (2) Clark County did not grant legal status to a marriage between same-sex couples; (3) Jennifer and Vivian had been separated for at least one year and that neither spouse resided in Canada; and (4) Vivian was unreasonably withholding her consent for divorce. Jennifer presented Respondent with a pre-drafted order ("Order") stating the same.

Respondent relied upon Jennifer's affidavit regarding the factual findings in the Order. Respondent personally reviewed the Canadian Civil Marriage Act and relied upon her and Jennifer's interpretation that she could sign the Order supporting Jennifer's application for a Canadian divorce. On February 12, 2014, Respondent signed the Order, and Jennifer filed the same in Canada to obtain her divorce.

The signing of the Order, ex parte, for an attorney she knew based solely upon the attorney's representations as to the alleged factual findings clearly established violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rules 2.2, 2.4(B), 2.5(A), 2.9, and 2.11(A)(1).

3. The factual allegations contained in Count Two of the Formal Statement of Charges regarding Respondent signing the Order which was neither pending in Las Vegas Justice Court nor attached to any case in the Las Vegas Justice Court, and which the Respondent had no jurisdiction over,

and through the Commission's Order, filed on February 2, 2017, taking judicial notice of the limited jurisdiction of Justice Courts, and exclusive jurisdiction of District Courts regarding matters pertaining to divorce, have been proven by clear and convincing evidence.

on January 11, 2017. Opposition to Motion Requesting That The Commission Take Judicial Notice

and Request That Said Issue Be Held in Abeyance Until the Time of the Hearing was filed by counsel to

the Respondent on January 18, 2017. The Reply to Respondent's Opposition was filed by the

The Prosecuting Officer filed a Motion Requesting That The Commission Take Judicial Notice

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Prosecuting Officer on January 23, 2017. The Commission may take judicial notice of any fact not subject to reasonable dispute in that it is capable of accurate and ready determination by resort to resources whose accuracy cannot be reasonably questioned. NRS 47.130. This includes the Nevada Revised Statutes. NRS 47.140. In

Lemel v. Smith, the Nevada Supreme Court stated:

The theory of taking judicial notice of a fact (in case where taking of judicial notice is warranted) is that it is a judicial short cut, a doing away, in the case of evidence, with the formal necessity for evidence because there is no real necessity for it. *Varcoe v. Lee*, 180 Cal. 338, 181 P. 223. What is known need not be proved. *Peterson v. Standard Oil Co.*, 55 Or. 511, 106 P. 337, Ann.Cas. 1912A, 625. 'Judicial notice takes the place of proof, and is of equal force. As a means of establishing facts, it is therefore superior to evidence. In its appropriate field, it displaces evidence, since, as it stands for proof, it fulfills the object which evidence is designed to fulfill, and makes evidence unnecessary.' *State v. Main*, 69 Conn. 123, 37 A. 80, 84, 36 L.R.A. 623, 61 Am.St.Rep. 30. Judicial notice has been applied to a wide range of subjects from the facts of ordinary life to the arts, sciences and professions, confined only to those things which any well informed person would be presumed to know.

Lemel v. Smith, 64 Nev. 545, 565-66, 187 P.2d 169, 179 (1947)

In this instance, the Commission took judicial notice of NRS 4.370 which sets the limited jurisdiction of Nevada Justice Courts, and NRS 3.223 which specifically grants to the District Courts original and exclusive jurisdiction in any proceeding dealing with divorce or other domestic matters. These statutory jurisdictional limits are clearly matters of law upon which judicial notice can be and were taken by the Commission. At the February 10, 2017 hearing, Respondent's counsel noted that the judicial notice of the Commission was the law of the case but was permitted to argue that Respondent thought she had the jurisdiction to sign the Order based upon the Canadian Marriage Act. The credible evidence at trial established that Respondent knew that the Order was not attached to any matter pending in Justice Court, lacked a Justice Court case number, and knew it pertained to Jennifer's application for a Canadian divorce. The signing of the Order that recited findings of fact required for a Canadian divorce exceeded Respondent's lawful judicial power as a Justice of the Peace. These facts clearly established violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5(A).

4. The factual allegations contained in Count Three regarding Respondent's familiarity with the domestic issues of Jennifer and Vivian have been proven by clear and convincing evidence.

The credible evidence established that Respondent was familiar with Jennifer through Jennifer's appearances before her as conflict counsel and interactions at various group social gatherings. Respondent was also familiar with Vivian through her work as an interpreter at the courthouse. Furthermore, Respondent knew that Jennifer and Vivian were no longer romantically together as Jennifer had introduced another woman, Hope Woods, as her girlfriend at various social gatherings. Moreover, Respondent knew that Hope Woods had adopted Jennifer's children.

The signing of the Order for an attorney she knew regarding parties and domestic issues with which she was familiar clearly established violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rules 2.2, 2.4(B), 2.5(A), 2.9, and 2.11(A)(1).

5. The factual allegations contained in Count Four regarding Respondent's failure to contact Vivian regarding the Order and its contents before Respondent signed the Order have been proven by clear and convincing evidence.

The credible evidence established that Respondent never attempted to contact Vivian prior to signing of the Order. Respondent never held a hearing regarding the underlying findings of fact in the Order, but rather signed the Order based upon Jennifer's affidavit and Jennifer's word regarding the factual findings in the Order and the circumstances surrounding the need for the Order.

The signing of the Order, ex parte, that set forth findings of fact regarding Jennifer and Vivian without notice and/or a hearing for Vivian clearly established violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rules 2.2, 2.4(B), 2.5(A), 2.6(A), 2.9, and 2.11(A)(1).

 The Commission finds that the factual allegations contained in Count Five have not been proven by clear and convincing evidence.

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B. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. As to Count One of the Formal Statement of Charges, the Commission finds that the 2 Prosecuting Officer has proven by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's actions constitute violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rules 2.2, 2.4(B), 2.5(A), 2.9 and 2.11(A)(1). 4

2. As to Count Two of the Formal Statement of Charges, the Commission finds that the Prosecuting Officer has proven by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's actions constitute violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5(A).

3. As to Count Three of the Formal Statement of Charges, the Commission finds that the Prosecuting Officer has proven by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's actions constitute violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rules 2.2, 2.4(B), 2.5(A), 2.9 and 2.11(A)(1).

4. As to Count Four of the Formal Statement of Charges, the Commission finds that the Prosecuting Officer has proven by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's actions constitute violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rules 2.2, 2.4(B), 2.5(A), 2.6(A), 2.9 and 2.11(A)(1).

5. As to Count Five of the Formal Statement of Charges, the Commission found that the factual proof was insufficient to sustain the charges.

6. The Commission has both personal jurisdiction over the Respondent and subject matter jurisdiction over the violations of the Code at issue in this case.

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IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

In consideration of the totality of Respondent's actions and her multiple violations of the Code, the Commission concludes that the appropriate discipline under Commission Rule 28 as to said violations shall be as follows:

By unanimous vote of the Commission, after due deliberation and consideration of the evidence presented; Respondent's lack of prior disciplinary record; her otherwise exemplary work as a judge for over seven (7) years; the one time nature of the act of signing the Order; and Respondent's volunteer work and letters of commendation; but nevertheless, in light of the seriousness of Respondent exceeding her jurisdictional authority, it is decided that pursuant to subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada, NRS 1.4653(2), NRS 1.4677(1)(a) and (b), and Commission Rule 28, the Respondent shall be, and she is hereby publically reprimanded for having 1 committed the acts as fully set forth above, and fined \$1,000.

D. ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED by unanimous vote of Commissioners Chairman Gary Vause, Karl Armstrong, Esq., Honorable Thomas Armstrong, Bruce C. Hahn, Esq., John Krmpotic, Stephanie Humphrey and Honorable Patricia Lynch that Respondent be and hereby is publically reprimanded for multiple violations of Canon 2 of the Code, Rules 2.2, 2.4(B), 2.5(A), 2.6(A), 2.9 and 2.11(A)(1).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that within ninety days of entry of this Order, Respondent shall pay a fine of \$1,000 to the Clark County Law Library.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED by unanimous vote that the Chairman is authorized to sign this document on behalf of all voting Commissioners.

DATED this 23rd day of February, 2017.

STATE OF NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE P.O. Box 48 Carson City, NV,89702

By:

GARY VAUSE COMMISSION CHAIRMAN

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline and
3	that on the 23rd day of February, 2017, I served a copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT,
4	
5	paid, addressed to the following:
6	William B. Terry, Esq.
7	William B. Terry, Chartered 530 South Seventh Street
8	Las Vegas, NV 89101 Info@williamterrylaw.com
9	Kathleen M. Paustian, Esq.
10	Law Office of Kathleen M. Paustian
11	3205 Skipworth Drive Las Vegas, NV 89107
12	kathleenpaustian@cox.net
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14	Aner Echiober
15	Janet Jacobsen, Commission Clerk
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2	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
3	I hereby certify that on the 23rd day of February, 2017, I served a copy of the
4	CERTIFIED COPY OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION
5	OF DISCIPLINE, filed with the Nevada Supreme Court, by United States Mail, postage pre-
6	paid, addressed to the undersigned:
7 8	William B. Terry, Esq. William B. Terry, Chartered
9	530 South Seventh Street Las Vegas, NV 89101
10	info@williamterrylaw.com Counsel for Respondent
11	
12	Kathleen M. Paustian, Esq. Law Offices of Kathleen M. Paustian, Chartered
13	3205 Skipworth Drive Las Vegas, NV 89107
14	kathleenpaustian@cox.net Special Counsel
15	Special Couliser
16	Caner ECAUSTOR
17	JANET E. JACOBSEN Commission Clerk
18	Commission Clerk
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